

Government of Catalonia Ministry of the Environment Centre per a l'Empresa i el Medi Ambient

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Minimisation of waste and resource savings by recycling at source

Pollution prevention case studies

Company background	Componentes Mecánicos, S.A. (COMESA) (Barcelona, Spain). COMESA makes gear boxes and rear axles for industrial vehicles.
Industrial sector	Metallurgy. Manufacture of parts for industrial vehicles.
Environmental considerations	The production system is spread over different unit processes corresponding to each basic parts (gear wheels, cogged axles and halfshafts, etc.) in the gear box and the rear axle in such a way that production is not in line but by groups. Generally speaking, the parts undergo a machining stage in which water and cutting fluids (drill fluids) are consumed and a rinsing stage, before they are assembled and sent out. The aqueous waste generated in these stages of the process, together with dirty water from the auxiliary cleaning process of the site's production line, are treated by an authorised outside waste manager.
Background	As explained above, COMESA was generating liquid waste the main component of which was water (approx. 95%) with the other 5% corresponding to drilling fluids and oil residue. This situation led COMESA to seek a solution that would provide at the same time both improvements in environmental conditions and economic management.
	 The initiative was guided by the following premises: Achieving a recycling process that would allow for the reuse of the water contained in the waste. Minimising the amount of waste that would ultimately have to be dealt with outside the company having separated the part with most water from the waste. Achieving these two objectives with a fast return on investment (2 years at most), thus making it necessary to achieve reduced treatment costs.
Summary of actions	The initiative consisted in installing a vacuum evaporation unit which, after filtration, treats the following waste: cutting oils (drilling fluids), spent part rinsing baths and dirty water from the floor and line washes. This unit generates two effluents. One is a concentrate (5% of the starting volume) and is subsequently managed by an outside company. The other is a distillate and corresponds to the water contained in the waste. This water is taken to two 1000 litre tanks where it is stored for its subsequent use as water in the auxiliary cleaning process and in the rinsing baths of the parts.

NEW PRO Production age of parts age of parts age of parts by Alkaline waters by Alkaline by Alka	Autorised manager Autorised manager Autorised manager Autorised manager Autorised manager Autorised manager Autorised manager Autorised manager Autorised manager Autorised manager Autorised manager Autorised manager Autorised manager Autorised Mew process
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Auxiliary d process 0 I/year	New process
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00 l/year	118,000 l/year
0 1/2200	22 000 1/2007
10 I/year	55,000 I/year
.7 €/year	781.3 €/year
.5 €/year	7,861.2 €/year
-	7,843.2 €/year
	1,412.5 €/year
	141,502.3 €/year
	7,843.2 €/year
	135,071.6 €/year
	82,078.9 €
	0.61 years = 7months
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- 	echnological advan ng 24h/day and a co ved by this initiat rr water consumptio tion of 81%), have

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